

2001 CENSUS TOWN/VILLAGE PROFILE

Stanwell

TOTAL POPULATION 9,903 **TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS 4,182**

AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD SIZE 2.34

AREA N/A hectares **AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY N/A**

POPULATION

Males 4,794
Females 5,109
In households 9,805
In communal establishments 98

AGE STRUCTURE OF TOTAL POPULATION

0-4	664	6.7%
5-7	459	4.6%
8-9	262	2.6%
10-15	814	8.2%
16-17	225	2.3%
18-24	754	7.6%
25-44	3,243	32.7%
45-64	2,048	20.7%
65-74	812	8.2%
75-84	537	5.4%
85+	89	0.9%

ETHNIC GROUPS OF TOTAL POPULATION

White	8,982	90.7%
Black	130	1.3%
Indian	335	3.4%
Pakistani	80	0.8%
Mixed	172	1.7%
Other	201	2.0%

RELIGION

Christian	7,347	74.2%
Muslim	147	1.5%
Other	355	3.6%
No religion	1,388	14.0%
Religion not stated	668	6.7%

COUNTRY OF BIRTH

UK	8,804	88.9%
EU	311	3.1%
Elsewhere	779	7.9%

LONG TERM ILLNESS AND GENERAL HEALTH

Population with Limiting Long Term Illness	1,607	16.2%
Households with at least one person with long term illness	1,316	31.5%
Population with general health over last year "not good"	857	8.7%
Population providing unpaid care	847	8.6%

ECONOMIC POSITION OF POPULATION AGED 16-74

Males economically active	2,698	78.4%
Employed full time	2,157	79.9%
Employed part time	106	3.9%
Self employed	269	10.0%
Unemployed	116	4.3%
Full time student	50	1.9%
Females economically active	2,264	62.0%
Employed full time	1,396	61.7%
Employed part time	647	28.6%
Self employed	71	3.1%
Unemployed	75	3.3%
Full time student	75	3.3%

TRAVEL TO WORK

Main part of journey to work by		
Car (driver or passenger)	3,172	66.7%
Rail (including underground or tram)	191	4.0%
Bus	353	7.4%
Motor cycle	60	1.3%
Bicycle	213	4.5%
Walking	438	9.2%
Other	21	0.4%
Works at home	310	6.5%

SOCIO ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION

Total people aged 16-74	7,079	
Large employers and higher managerial occupations	184	2.6%
Higher professional occupations	248	3.5%
Lower managerial & professional occupations	1,358	19.2%
Intermediate occupations	1,010	14.3%
Small employers & own account workers	327	4.6%
Lower supervisory and technical occupations	654	9.2%
Semi-routine occupations	901	12.7%
Routine occupations	711	10.0%
Never worked and long-term unemployed	223	3.2%
Full-time students	270	3.8%
Not classifiable for other reasons	1,193	16.9%

QUALIFICATIONS

People aged 16-74 with		
No qualifications	2,479	35.0%
Less than 5 O levels/CSE/GCSE etc	1,441	20.4%
5+ O levels, CSE grade 1, GCSE grade A-C etc	1,433	20.2%
2+ A levels etc	404	5.7%
First degree or higher	844	11.9%
Other qualifications	477	6.7%

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TENURE

Owner occupied	2,726	65.2%
Social rented	1,126	26.9%
Other rented	339	8.1%

AMENITIES

Households without sole use of bath/shower and toilet	13	0.3%
Households without central heating	197	4.7%
Overcrowded households	538	12.9%

CARS

Households with no car	918	22.0%
Households with 2 or more cars	1,252	29.9%
Total cars	4,828	

DWELLING TYPE

Total dwellings	4,251	
Detached	307	7.2%
Semi detached	1,437	33.8%
Terraced	1,277	30.0%
Flat	1,219	28.7%
Households in non permanent accommodation (eg Caravans, houseboats)	3	0.1%
Vacant dwellings	67	1.6%

HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION

One person household	1,356	32.4%
Households with pensioners only	897	21.4%
One pensioner living alone	549	13.1%
Lone parents with dependent children	358	8.6%
Households with dependent children	1,282	30.7%
Households with children under 5	540	12.9%

Notes and Definitions

A household comprises one person living alone, or a group of people (not necessarily related) living at the same address with common housekeeping - that is, sharing either a living room or sitting room or at least one meal a day.

A communal establishment is defined as an establishment providing managed residential accommodation, for example, care homes, hostels, educational and defence establishments.

A person is a provider of unpaid care if they give any help or support to family members, friends, neighbours or others because of long-term physical or mental health or disability, or problems related to old age.

All people who were working in the week before the Census or were looking for work and were available to start work within 2 weeks are described as economically active. Full-time students who are economically active are included but are identified separately in the classification. The economic activity questions are only asked of people aged 16 to 74. The proportion given is the percentage of the population aged 16-74.

Working full-time is defined as working 31 hours or more a week. Part-time is working 30 hours or less a week. Proportions given are the percentage of the economically active.

The National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SEC) provides an indication of socioeconomic position, based on occupation. It is an Office for National Statistics standard classification.

Social rented includes accommodation that is rented from a Local Authority, or a Housing Association, Housing Co-operative, Charitable Trust, Non-profit housing company or Registered Social Landlord.

An overcrowded household has an occupancy rating of -1 or less.

The Occupancy rating provides a measure of under occupancy and over crowding. It relates the actual number of rooms to the number of rooms 'required' by the members of the household (based on a relationship between them and their ages). A rating of -1 means that the household has one too few rooms.

A dependent child is a person aged 0 to 15 in a household (whether or not in a family) or aged 16 to 18 in full-time education and living in a family with his or her parent(s).