

# 2001 CENSUS TOWN/VILLAGE PROFILE

## Stanwellmoor

**TOTAL POPULATION** 1,343 **TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS** 558

**AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD SIZE** 2.41

**AREA** N/A hectares **AVERAGE POPULATION DENSITY** N/A

### POPULATION

Males 672  
Females 671  
In households 1,343  
In communal establishments 0

### AGE STRUCTURE OF TOTAL POPULATION

0-4	91	6.8%
5-7	44	3.3%
8-9	39	2.9%
10-15	88	6.6%
16-17	30	2.2%
18-24	94	7.0%
25-44	523	38.9%
45-64	336	25.0%
65-74	68	5.1%
75-84	26	1.9%
85+	0	0.0%

### ETHNIC GROUPS OF TOTAL POPULATION

White	1,230	91.6%
Black	0	0.0%
Indian	63	4.7%
Pakistani	8	0.6%
Mixed	19	1.4%
Other	17	1.3%

### RELIGION

Christian	1,053	78.4%
Muslim	16	1.2%
Other	65	4.8%
No religion	158	11.8%
Religion not stated	53	3.9%

### COUNTRY OF BIRTH

UK	1,221	90.9%
EU	29	2.2%
Elsewhere	92	6.9%

### LONG TERM ILLNESS AND GENERAL HEALTH

Population with Limiting Long Term Illness	126	9.4%
Households with at least one person with long term illness	107	19.2%
Population with general health over last year "not good"	64	4.8%
Population providing unpaid care	103	7.7%

### ECONOMIC POSITION OF POPULATION AGED 16-74

Males economically active	447	84.2%
Employed full time	351	78.5%
Employed part time	8	1.8%
Self employed	69	15.4%
Unemployed	13	2.9%
Full time student	6	1.3%
Females economically active	396	75.9%
Employed full time	254	64.1%
Employed part time	101	25.5%
Self employed	19	4.8%
Unemployed	9	2.3%
Full time student	13	3.3%

### TRAVEL TO WORK

Main part of journey to work by		
Car (driver or passenger)	642	77.8%
Rail (including underground or tram)	31	3.8%
Bus	12	1.5%
Motor cycle	11	1.3%
Bicycle	25	3.0%
Walking	28	3.4%
Other	3	0.4%
Works at home	73	8.8%

### SOCIO ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION

Total people aged 16-74	1,051	
Large employers and higher managerial occupations	50	4.8%
Higher professional occupations	40	3.8%
Lower managerial & professional occupations	273	26.0%
Intermediate occupations	200	19.0%
Small employers & own account workers	81	7.7%
Lower supervisory and technical occupations	100	9.5%
Semi-routine occupations	77	7.3%
Routine occupations	76	7.2%
Never worked and long-term unemployed	11	1.0%
Full-time students	39	3.7%
Not classifiable for other reasons	104	9.9%

### QUALIFICATIONS

People aged 16-74 with		
No qualifications	261	24.8%
Less than 5 O levels/CSE/GCSE etc	244	23.2%
5+ O levels, CSE grade 1, GCSE grade A-C etc	257	24.5%
2+ A levels etc	71	6.8%
First degree or higher	131	12.5%
Other qualifications	87	8.3%

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<b>TENURE</b>			<b>DWELLING TYPE</b>		
Owner occupied	481	86.2%	Total dwellings	562	
Social rented	24	4.3%	Detached	110	19.6%
Other rented	53	9.5%	Semi detached	172	30.6%
			Terraced	197	35.1%
			Flat	79	14.1%
			Households in non permanent accommodation (eg Caravans, houseboats)	6	1.1%
			Vacant dwellings	3	0.5%
<b>AMENITIES</b>			<b>HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION</b>		
Households without sole use of bath/shower and toilet	3	0.5%	One person household	145	26.0%
Households without central heating	34	6.1%	Households with pensioners only	50	9.0%
Overcrowded households	65	11.6%	One pensioner living alone	28	5.0%
			Lone parents with dependent children	27	4.8%
<b>CARS</b>			Households with dependent children	170	30.5%
Households with no car	37	6.6%	Households with children under 5	77	13.8%
Households with 2 or more cars	302	54.1%			
Total cars	928				

#### Notes and Definitions

A household comprises one person living alone, or a group of people (not necessarily related) living at the same address with common housekeeping - that is, sharing either a living room or sitting room or at least one meal a day.

A communal establishment is defined as an establishment providing managed residential accommodation, for example, care homes, hostels, educational and defence establishments.

A person is a provider of unpaid care if they give any help or support to family members, friends, neighbours or others because of long-term physical or mental health or disability, or problems related to old age.

All people who were working in the week before the Census or were looking for work and were available to start work within 2 weeks are described as economically active. Full-time students who are economically active are included but are identified separately in the classification. The economic activity questions are only asked of people aged 16 to 74. The proportion given is the percentage of the population aged 16-74.

Working full-time is defined as working 31 hours or more a week. Part-time is working 30 hours or less a week. Proportions given are the percentage of the economically active.

The National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SEC) provides an indication of socioeconomic position, based on occupation. It is an Office for National Statistics standard classification.

Social rented includes accommodation that is rented from a Local Authority, or a Housing Association, Housing Co-operative, Charitable Trust, Non-profit housing company or Registered Social Landlord.

An overcrowded household has an occupancy rating of -1 or less.

The Occupancy rating provides a measure of under occupancy and over crowding. It relates the actual number of rooms to the number of rooms 'required' by the members of the household (based on a relationship between them and their ages). A rating of -1 means that the household has one too few rooms.

A dependent child is a person aged 0 to 15 in a household (whether or not in a family) or aged 16 to 18 in full-time education and living in a family with his or her parent(s).